

**OLLSCOIL NA hÉIREANN**  
THE NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF IRELAND, CORK  
**COLÁISTE NA hOLLSCOILE, CORCAIGH**  
UNIVERSITY COLLEGE, CORK

SUMMER EXAMINATION 2014

**CS4614: Introductory Network Security**

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Professor B. O'Sullivan,  
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Answer *all* questions  
Maximum marks: 80

1.5 Hours  
(Note 80 marks/90 minutes = 1.125 minutes per mark)

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1. a) Define the properties of a one-way hash function. (6 marks)
  - b) Following an intrusion at Adobe (October 2013), attackers gained access to a user password file. It is believed that each password  $p$  was stored in encrypted form in the file as  $E_{des}^{ecb}(K_A, p)$  using triple DES (ECB mode) where  $K_A$  is a secret Adobe master key. Describe two security weaknesses of this scheme. (6 marks)
  - c) Continuing Question 1(b), describe how the passwords should have been stored and explain how your scheme defends against a pre-computation dictionary attack. (6 marks)
  - d) The following Java code generates a symmetric cipher based on a random session key.
 

```

      KeyGenerator kg= KeyGenerator.getInstance("DES");
      kg.init(new Random(0));
      SecretKey key= kg.generateKey();
      Cipher cipher= Cipher.getInstance("DES/ECB/PKCS5Padding");
      cipher.init(Cipher.ENCRYPT_MODE, key);
      
```

 Give a Java code fragment that encrypts the contents of a file using this key. (6 marks)
  - e) Identify and explain any security vulnerabilities in the code in Question 1(d) above. (6 marks)
- (30 Total marks)*

2. Consider the following Needham-Schroeder style authentication protocol, whereby initiator  $A$  asks Authentication Server  $T$  for a session key  $K_{AB}$  that it can use with service  $B$ .

Msg1  $A \rightarrow T : A, B, N_A$   
 Msg2  $T \rightarrow A : \{N_A, B, K_{AB}, \{K_{AB}\}_{K_{BT}}\}_{K_{AT}}$   
 Msg3  $A \rightarrow B : A, \{K_{AB}\}_{K_{BT}}$

Principals  $A$  and  $B$  share long-term secret keys  $K_{AT}$  and  $K_{BT}$  with server  $T$ , respectively;  $N_A$  is a nonce, and  $\{\dots\}_K$  denotes symmetric key encryption with secret key  $K$ .

- a) Describe an attack on the protocol whereby Eve can masquerade as  $A$  to  $B$ . (10 marks)
  - b) Revise the protocol so that: it eliminates the vulnerability in Question 2(a); provides mutual authentication between  $A$  and  $B$ , and supports key revocation in the event that  $K_{AT}$  is compromised. (10 marks)
  - c) Alice logs into the workstation corresponding to Principal  $A$  and  $K_{AT}$  is determined by her password. Alice does not want to give her password every time she uses the protocol to request services, however, she is concerned about the workstation storing long-term key  $K_{AT}$  for the duration of her login session. Describe how the protocol can be revised to provide single-sign-on for Alice while addressing her password security concerns. (5 marks)
- (25 Total marks)*

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3. The following SSL-style protocol fragment establishes a secure connection between browser  $B$  and web-server  $A$ :

Msg 1:  $B \rightarrow A : \{B, K_{ab}, N_A\}_{K_A}$

Msg 2:  $A \rightarrow B : \{N_B + 1\}_{K_{ab}}$

where  $K_A$  is the public key owned by  $A$ ,  $K_{ab}$  is a symmetric session key proposed by  $A$  and  $N_B$  is a nonce. In Protocol Msg 1,  $\{\dots\}_{K_A}$  denotes public key encryption, while  $\{\dots\}_{K_{ab}}$  denotes symmetric key encryption in Protocol Msg 2.

- a) Explain how the protocol should be extended to support public key certificates. Your answer should include a revision of the protocol, description of certificate(s) content and how it is used by the browser/web-server. (10 marks)
- b) The protocol assumes that  $B$  is competent to generate a good session key  $K_{ab}$ . Give an example of why this might not be the case. Revise the protocol so it uses a Diffie-Hellman key exchange to establish the session key  $K_{ab}$ . (10 marks)
- c) Apple iOS comes with a pre-installed trusted Certification Authority (CA) certificate from a foreign military agency. Describe how this agency might spy on a user's secure (HTTPS) web browsing. (5 marks)

(25 Total marks)

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